

## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELGAUM

### SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE and ENGINEERING

#### I Semester

Subject Code	Name of the Subject	Teaching hours/week		Duration of Exam in Hours	Marks for		Total Marks
		Lecture	Practical / Field Work / Assignment/ Tutorials		I.A.	Exam	
12SCS11	Computer Networks	04	02#	03	50	100	150
12SCS12	Advances in Operating Systems	04	02*	03	50	100	150
12SCS13	Advances in Database Management Systems	04	02*	03	50	100	150
12SCS14	Computer Systems Performance Analysis	04	02#	03	50	100	150
12SCS15x	Elective – I	04	02	03	50	100	150
12SCS16	Seminar	--	03	--	50	--	50
<b>Total</b>		<b>20</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>800</b>

#### Elective I

- 12SCS151 Advances in Digital Image Processing
- 12SCS152 Computer Graphics & Visualization
- 12SCS153 Optical Networks
- 12SCS154 Embedded Systems

## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELGAUM

### SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE and ENGINEERING

#### II Semester

Subject Code	Name of the Subject	Teaching hours/week		Duration of Exam in Hours	Marks for		Total Marks
		Lecture	Practical / Field Work / Assignment/ Tutorials		I.A.	Exam	
12SCS21	Formal Models in Computer Science	04	2*	03	50	100	150
12SCS22	Advanced Algorithms	04	2*	03	50	100	150
12SCS23	Advances in Computer Architecture	04	2#	03	50	100	150
12SCS24	Cloud Computing	04	2#	03	50	100	150
12SCS25x	Elective – II	04	2	03	50	100	150
	**Project Phase-I(6 Week Duration)				--		--
12SCS26	Seminar		03		50	--	50
<b>Total</b>		<b>20</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>800</b>

#### Elective – II

12SCS251 Topics in Multimedia Communications

12SCS252 Artificial Intelligence and Agent Technology

12SCS253 Protocols Engineering

**\*\* Between the II Semester and III Semester after availing a vocation of 2 weeks.**

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### SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE and ENGINEERING

#### III Semester

Subject Code	Name of the Subject	No. of Hrs./Week		Duration of Exam in Hours	Marks for		Total Marks
		Lecture	Field Work / Assignment / Tutorials		I.A.	Exam	
12SCS31	Information Security	4	--	3	50	100	150
12SCS32x	Elective-III	4	2	3	50	100	150
12SCS33x	Elective-IV	4	2	3	50	100	150
12SCS34	Project Phase-II		§				
12SCS35	Evaluation of Project Phase – I	–	3	–	50	–	50
<b>Total</b>		<b>12</b>	<b>07</b>	<b>09</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>500</b>

#### **Elective – III**

12SCS321 Wireless and Cellular Networks  
 12SCS322 Advances in Storage Area Networks  
 12SCS323 Advances in Pattern Classification  
 12SCS324 Multicore Architecture & Programming

#### **Elective – IV**

12SCS331 Analysis of Computer Networks  
 12SCS332 Data Mining and Warehousing  
 12SCS333 Advances in VLSI

§ 3 Days Course work and 3 days for Project work

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### SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION FOR M.TECH. COMPUTER SCIENCE and ENGINEERING

#### IV Semester

Course Code	Name of the Subject	No. of Hrs./Week		Duration of the Exam in Hours	Marks for		Total Marks
		Lecture	Practical / Field Work		I.A.	Exam	
12SCS41	Evaluation of Project Phase – II	-	-	-	50	-	50
12SCS42	Evaluation of Project work – III	-	-	-	50	-	50
12SCS43	Project work evaluation and Viva-voce	-	-	3	-	100+100	200
	<b>Total</b>	-	-	<b>03</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>300</b>
<b>Grand Total (I to IV Sem.) : 2400</b>							

**Note:** Project work shall be continuously evaluated for phase I, phase II and after completion of the project.

**Note:**

- \* Lab Classes for any two core subjects are compulsory (practical will be evaluated for 20 marks and internal assessment for 30 marks. Lab journals should be maintained).
  - # For the remaining two core subjects, it can be field work, assignment, tutorials.
- 1) Project Phase – I : 6 weeks duration shall be carried out between II and III Semesters. Candidates in consultation with the guides shall carryout literature survey / visit to Industries to finalise the topic of dissertation. Evaluation of the same shall be taken up during beginning of III Semester. Total Marks shall be 50. Colleges have to send the synopsis after Phase – I.
  - 2) Project Phase – II : 16 weeks duration. 3 days for project work in a week during III Semester. Evaluation shall be taken during the first two weeks of the IV Semester. Total Marks shall be 50.
  - 3) Project Phase – III : 24 weeks duration in IV Semester. Evaluation shall be taken up during the middle of IV Semester. Total Marks shall be 50. At the end of the Semester Project Work Evaluation and Viva-Voce Examinations shall be conducted. Total Marks shall be  $50 + 50 + 100 = 200$  (50 marks for guide, 50 marks for external and 100 for viva-voce).

Marks of Evaluation of Project:

- The Marks of Project Phase – I shall be sent to the University along with III Semester I.A. Marks of other subjects.
  - The I.A. Marks of Project Phase – II & III shall be sent to the University along with Project Work report at the end of the Semester.
- 4) During the final viva, students have to submit all the reports.
  - 5) The Project Valuation and Viva-Voce will be conducted by a committee consisting of the following:
    - a) Head of the Department (Chairman)
    - b) Guide
    - c) Two Examiners appointed by the university. (out of two external examiners at least one should be present).



## M. Tech in Computer Science and Engineering

### I SEMESTER

#### COMPUTER NETWORKS

**Subject Code: 12SCS11**

**Hours/Week : 04**

**Total Hours : 52**

**I.A. Marks : 50**

**Exam Hours: 03**

**Exam Marks: 100**

**1. Review of Basic Concepts:** Building a Network; Requirements- Connectivity, Cost-Effective Resource Sharing, Support for Common Services; Network Architecture- Layering and Protocols, OSI Architecture, Internet Architecture; Performance- Bandwidth and Latency, Delay× Bandwidth Product, High-Speed Networks.

**2. Direct link networks:** Hardware Building Blocks-nodes, links; error Detection- Two-Dimensional Parity, Internet checksum Algorithm, cyclic Redundancy Check; reliable Transmission- Stop-and-Wait, Sliding Window, Concurrent Logical Channels; Rings (802.5, FDDI) –Token Ring Media Access Control, Token Ring Maintenance, FDDI.

**3. Packet Switching:** Switching and forwarding – Datagrams, Virtual Circuit Switching, Source Routing; Bridges and LAN Switches – Learning Bridges, Spanning Tree Algorithm, Broadcast and Multicast, Limitations of Bridges; cell switching (ATM) – Cells, Segmentation and Reassembly, Virtual Paths, Physical Layers for ATM.

**4. Internetworking:** Simple internetworking (IP) – What Is an Internetwork?, Service Model, Global Address, Datagram Forwarding in IP, Address Translation(ARP), Host Configuration(DHCP), Error Reporting(ICMP), Virtual Networks and Tunnels; Routing – Network as a Graph, distance Vector(RIP), Link State(OSPF), Metrics, Routing for Mobile Hosts, Global Internet – Subnetting, Classless Routing(CIDR), Interdomain Routing(BGP), Routing Areas, IP Version 6(IPv6).

**5. End –to-End Protocols:** Simple demultiplexer (UDP); Reliable byte stream (TCP) – End-to-End Issues, Segment Format, Connection Establishment and Termination, Sliding Window Revisited, Triggering Transmission, Adaptive Retransmission, Record Boundaries, TCP Extensions, Alternative Design Choices.

**6. Congestion Control and Resource Allocation:** Issues in resource allocation – Network Model, Taxonomy, Evaluation Criteria; Queuing discipline – FIFO, Fair Queuing; TCP Congestion Control – Additive Increase/Multiplicative Decrease, Slow Start, Fast Retransmit and Fast Recovery; Congestion-Avoidance mechanisms – DECbit, Random Early Detection (RED), Source-Based Congestion Control.

**7. Applications:** Traditional applications – Electronic Mail (SMTP, MIME, IMAP), World Wide Web (HTTP), Name Service (DNS), Network management (SNMP); Web services – Custom APPLICATION Protocols (WSDL, SOAP), A Generic application Protocol (REST).

**Laboratory Work:**

**Using any Protocol Analyzer like Ethereal, perform the following experiments:**

1. Capture the packets that are transmitted after clicking on the URL of the web site of your college. Analyze the packets at the highest level and prepare a brief report of your analysis.
2. Analyze the data captured above at lower levels and demonstrate the layering of the protocols.
3. Capture the packets in the LAN, & filter for a unique subscriber
4. Capture the ARP packets and find the MAC addresses in the LAN in your laboratory.

**Using either NS228/OPNET or any other suitable simulator, perform the following experiments:**

1. Simulate an Ethernet LAN using 10 node , change error rate and data rate , and compare throughput
2. Simulate a three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size and vary the bandwidth and find the number of packets dropped.
3. Simulate the transmission of ping messages over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion.
4. Simulate an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.

**Implement the following in C/C++:**

1. Write a program for distance vector algorithm to find suitable path for transmission.
2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-bit)
3. Write a program for congestion control using leaky bucket algorithm.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. David: Computer Networks – A Systems Approach, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2007.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks -Fundamental Concepts and Key Architectures, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.

### **Advances in Operating Systems**

**Subject Code : 12SCS12**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction, Review Operating Systems Strategies: User' perspectives, technologies and examples of Batch Systems, Timesharing Systems, Personal computer systems, Embedded systems, and small communicating computers; The genesis of modern operating systems.



2. Using the Operating Systems The programmer's abstract machine; Resources; Processes and threads; Writing concurrent programs.
3. Operating Systems Organization Basic functions; General implementation considerations; Contemporary OS kernels.
4. Design Strategies Design considerations; Monolithic kernels; Modular organization; Microkernel; Layered organizations; Operating Systems for distributed system.
5. Real World Examples Linux, Windows NT/2000/XP: Process descriptors, Thread descriptors, Thread scheduling. Linux, Windows NT/2000/XP: Kernel
6. Distributed Systems: Networking; The Need for a Protocol Architecture; The TCP/IP Sockets; Linux Networking; Client/Server Computing; Distributed Message Passing; Remote Procedure Calls; Clusters; Windows Vista Cluster Server; Linux Clusters; Distributed Process Management; Process Migration; Distributed Global States; Distributed Mutual Exclusion; Distributed Deadlock.

**Laboratory Work:** (The following programs can be executed on any available and suitable platform)

1. Design, develop and execute a program using any thread library to create the number of threads specified by the user; each thread independently generates a random integer as an upper limit, and then computes and prints the number of primes less than or equal to that upper limit along with that upper limit.
2. Rewrite above program such that the processes instead of threads are created and the number of child processes created is fixed as two. The program should make use of kernel timer to measure and print the real time, processor time, user space time and kernel space time for each process.
3. Design, develop and implement a process with a producer thread and a consumer thread which make use of a bounded buffer (size can be prefixed at a suitable value) for communication. Use any suitable synchronization construct.
4. Design, develop, and execute a program to solve a system of n linear equations using Successive Over-relaxation method and n processes which use Shared Memory API. 5. Design, develop, and execute a program to demonstrate the use of RPC.

**Text Books:**

1. Gary Nutt: Operating Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2004.
2. William Stallings: Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.

**Reference Books:**

1. Silberschatz, Galvin, Gagne: Operating System Concepts, 8th Edition, Wiley, 2008
2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Albert S. Woodhull: Operating Systems, Design and Implementation, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
3. Pradeep K Sinha: Distribute Operating Systems, Concept and Design, PHI, 2007.

## **Advances in Database Management Systems**

**Subject Code : 12SCS13**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Review of Relational Data Model and Relational Database Constraints: Relational model concepts; Relational model constraints and relational database schemas; Update operations, transactions and dealing with constraint violations.
2. Object and Object-Relational Databases: Overview of Object-Oriented Concepts – Objects, Encapsulation, Type and class hierarchies, complex objects; Object model of ODMG, Object definition Language ODL; Object Query Language OQL; Overview of C++ language binding; Conceptual design of Object database. Overview of object relational features of SQL; Object-relational features of Oracle; Implementation and related issues for extended type systems; The nested relational model.
3. Enhanced Data Models for Some Advanced Applications: Active database concepts and triggers; Temporal, Spatial, and Deductive Databases – Basic concepts.
4. Parallel and Distributed Databases: Architectures for parallel databases; Parallel query evaluation; Parallelizing individual operations; Parallel query optimizations; Introduction to distributed databases; Distributed DBMS architectures; Storing data in a Distributed DBMS; Distributed catalog management; Distributed Query processing; Updating distributed data; Distributed transactions; Distributed Concurrency control and Recovery.
5. Data Warehousing, Decision Support and Data Mining: Introduction to decision support; OLAP, multidimensional model; Window queries in SQL; Finding answers quickly; Implementation techniques for OLAP; Data Warehousing; Views and Decision support; View materialization; Maintaining materialized views. Introduction to Data Mining; Counting co-occurrences; Mining for rules; Tree-structured rules; Clustering; Similarity search over sequences; Incremental mining and data streams; Additional data mining tasks.
6. More Recent Applications: Mobile databases; Multimedia databases; Geographical Information Systems; Genome data management.

### **Laboratory Work:**

(The following tasks can be implemented on Oracle or any other suitable RDBMS with support for Object features)

1. Develop a database application to demonstrate storing and retrieving of BLOB and CLOB objects.
2. Develop a database application to demonstrate the representation of multivalued attributes, and the use of nested tables to represent complex objects. Write suitable queries to demonstrate their use.

3. Design and develop a suitable Student Database application. One of the attributes to be maintained is the attendance of a student in each subject for which he/she has enrolled. Using TRIGGERS, write active rules to do the following:

a. Whenever the attendance is updated, check if the attendance is less than 85%; if so, notify the Head of the Department concerned.

b. Whenever, the marks in an Internal Assessment Test are entered, check if the marks are less than 40%; if so, notify the Head of the Department concerned.

4. Design, develop, and execute a program in a language of your choice to implement any one algorithm for mining association rules. Run the program against any large database available in the public domain and discuss the results.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Elmasri and Navathe: Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, 2007.

2. Raghuram Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke: Database Management Systems, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2003.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan: Database System Concepts, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2010.

2. Connolly and Begg: Database Systems, 4th Edition, Pearson Publications, 2005.

### **Computer Systems Performance Analysis**

**Subject Code : 12SCS14**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction: The art of Performance Evaluation; Common Mistakes in Performance Evaluation, A Systematic Approach to Performance Evaluation, Selecting an Evaluation Technique, Selecting Performance Metrics, Commonly used Performance Metrics, Utility Classification of Performance Metrics, Setting Performance Requirements.

2. Workloads, Workload Selection and Characterization: Types of Work loads, addition instructions, Instruction mixes, Kernels; Synthetic programs, Application benchmarks, Popular benchmarks. Work load Selection: Services exercised, level of detail; Representativeness; Timeliness, Other considerations in workload selection. Work load characterization Techniques: Terminology; Averaging, Specifying dispersion, Single Parameter Histograms, Multi Parameter Histograms, Principle Component Analysis, Markov Models, Clustering.

3. Monitors, Program Execution Monitors and Accounting Logs: Monitors: Terminology and classification; Software and hardware monitors, Software versus hardware monitors, Firmware and hybrid

monitors, Distributed System Monitors, Program Execution Monitors and Accounting Logs, Program Execution Monitors, Techniques for Improving Program Performance, Accounting Logs, Analysis and Interpretation of Accounting log data, Using accounting logs to answer commonly asked questions.

4. Capacity Planning and Benchmarking: Steps in capacity planning and management; Problems in Capacity Planning; Common Mistakes in Benchmarking; Benchmarking Games; Load Drivers; Remote-Terminal Emulation; Components of an RTE; Limitations of RTEs.

5. Experimental Design and Analysis: Introduction: Terminology, Common mistakes in experiments, Types of experimental designs, 2k Factorial Designs, Concepts, Computation of effects, Sign table method for computing effects; Allocation of variance; General 2k Factorial Designs, General full factorial designs with k factors: Model, Analysis of a General Design, Informal Methods.

6. Queuing Models: Introduction: Queuing Notation; Rules for all Queues; Little's Law, Types of Stochastic Process. Analysis of Single Queue: Birth-Death Processes; M/M/1 Queue; M/M/m Queue; M/M/m/B Queue with finite buffers; Results for other M/M/1 Queuing Systems. Queuing Networks: Open and Closed Queuing Networks; Product form networks, queuing Network models of Computer Systems. Operational Laws: Utilization Law; Forced Flow Law; Little's Law; General Response Time Law; Interactive Response Time Law; Bottleneck Analysis; Mean Value Analysis and Related Techniques; Analysis of Open Queuing Networks; Mean Value Analysis; Approximate MVA; Balanced Job Bounds; Convolution Algorithm, Distribution of Jobs in a System, Convolution Algorithm for Computing  $G(N)$ , Computing Performance using  $G(N)$ , Timesharing Systems, Hierarchical Decomposition of Large Queuing Networks: Load Dependent Service Centers, Hierarchical Decomposition, Limitations of Queuing Theory.

**Text Book:**

1. Raj Jain: The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, 2007.

**Reference Books:**

1. Paul J Fortier, Howard E Michel: computer Systems Performance Evaluation and prediction, Elsevier, 2003.

2. Trivedi K S: Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing and Computer Science Applications, 2nd Edition, Wiley India, 2001.

**Advances in Digital Image Processing**

**Subject Code : 12SCS151**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction: Origins of Digital Image Processing, examples, Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing, Components of an Image Processing System, Image analysis and computer vision, spatial feature extraction, transform features, Edge detection, gradient operators, compass operators, stochastic gradients, line and spot detection.

2. Digital Image Fundamentals: Elements of Visual Perception, A Simple Image Formation Model, Basic Concepts in Sampling and Quantization, Representing Digital Images, Zooming and Shrinking Digital Images, Some Basic Relationships Between Pixels, Linear and Nonlinear Operations.
3. Image Enhancement in the Spatial Domain: Some Basic Gray Level Transformations, Histogram Processing, Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations, Basics of Spatial Filtering, Smoothing Spatial Filters, Sharpening Spatial Filters, Combining Spatial Enhancement Methods.
4. Image Enhancement in the Frequency Domain: Background, Image Enhancement in the Frequency Domain, Introduction to the Fourier Transform and the Frequency, Domain, Smoothing Frequency-Domain Filters, Sharpening Frequency Domain Filters, Homomorphic Filtering.
5. Image Restoration: A Model of the Image degradation/Restoration process, Noise Models, Restoration in the Presence of Noise Only–Spatial Filtering, Periodic Noise Reduction by Frequency Domain Filtering, Linear, Position-Invariant Degradations , Estimating the Degradation Function, Inverse Filtering ,Minimum Mean Square Error (Wiener) Filtering.
6. Color Fundamentals: Color Models, Pseudo color Image Processing, Basics of Full-Color Image Processing, Color Transformations, Smoothing and Sharpening, Color Segmentation, Noise in Color Images, Color Image Compression.
7. Image Transformation: Discrete Cosine Transforms, Walsh Hadamard Transforms, Wavelet Transforms and Multiprocessing, Background, Multiresolution Expansions, Wavelet Transforms in one Dimension, Wavelet Transforms in Two Dimensions, Wavelet Packets, an overview of Second Generation Wavelet Transforms.
8. Image and Video Compression: Fundamentals, Image Compression Models, Lossless compression Methods: Huffman coding, run length coding, LZ coding, Arithmetic coding, Lossy Compression: Gray level Run length coding, Block truncation coding, vector quantization, Differential predictive coding, Transform coding , Hybrid coding, Video Compression Techniques – Motion compensation, Search for motion vectors, H.261, H.263, MPEG I, MPEG 2, MPEG 4, MPEG 7 .
9. Morphological Image Processing: Preliminaries, Dilation and Erosion, Opening and Closing, The Hit-or-Miss Transformation, Some Basic Morphological Algorithms.
10. Image Segmentation and Object Recognition: Detection of Discontinuities, Edge Linking and Boundary Detection, Thresholding, Region-Based Segmentation, Patterns and Pattern Classes, Recognition Based on Decision-Theoretic Methods, Structural Methods.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Rafael C Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods: Digital Image Processing, PHI 2nd Edition 2005
2. Scott.E.Umbaugh: Computer Vision and Image Processing, Prentice Hall, 1997

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. A. K. Jain: Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing, Pearson, 2004.
2. Z. Li and M.S. Drew: Fundamentals of Multimedia, Pearson, 2004.
3. S.Jayaraman, S.Esakkirajan, T.Veerakumar: Digital Image Processing, TataMcGraw Hill, 2004.

## Computer Graphics and Visualization

**Subject Code : 12SCS152**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction: Applications of computer graphics; A graphics system; Images: Physical and synthetic; Imaging systems; The synthetic camera model; The programmer's interface; Graphics architectures; Programmable pipelines; Performance characteristics. Graphics Programming: The Sierpinski gasket; Programming two-dimensional applications.
2. The OpenGL: The OpenGL API; Primitives and attributes; Color; Viewing; Control functions; The Gasket program; Polygons and recursion; The three-dimensional gasket; Plotting implicit functions.
3. Input and Interaction: Interaction; Input devices; Clients and servers; Display lists; Display lists and modeling; Programming event-driven input; Menus; Picking; A simple CAD program; Building interactive models; Animating interactive programs; Design of interactive programs; Logic operations.
4. Geometric Objects and Transformations: Scalars, points, and vectors; Three-dimensional primitives; Coordinate systems and frames; Modeling a colored cube; Affine transformations; Rotation, translation and scaling. Transformations in homogeneous coordinates; Concatenation of transformations; OpenGL transformation matrices; Interfaces to three-dimensional applications; Quaternions.
5. Viewing: Classical and computer viewing; Viewing with a computer; Positioning of the camera; Simple projections; Projections in OpenGL; Hidden-surface removal; Interactive mesh displays; Parallel-projection matrices; Perspective-projection matrices; Projections and shadows.
6. Lighting and Shading: Light and matter; Light sources; The Phong lighting model; Computation of vectors; Polygonal shading; Approximation of a sphere by recursive subdivisions; Light sources in OpenGL; Specification of materials in OpenGL; Shading of the sphere model; Global illumination.
7. Curves and surfaces: Representation of curves and surfaces; Design criteria; Parametric cubic polynomial curves; Interpolation; Hermite curves and surfaces; Bezier curves and surfaces; Cubic B-Splines; General B-Splines; Rendering curves and surfaces; Curves and surfaces in OpenGL.

### **Text Book:**

1. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics A Top-Down Approach with OpenGL, 5th Edition, Pearson, 2009.

### **Reference Books:**

1. Donald Hearn and Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics- OpenGL Version, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2004.
2. F.S. Hill, Jr.: "Computer Graphics Using OpenGL", 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2001.
3. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Hughes, Computer Graphics, Addison-Wesley 1997.

## OPTICAL NETWORKS

**Subject Code : 12SCS153**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

### 1. Client Layers of the Optical Layer

SONET/SDH: Multiplexing, CAT and LCAS, Sonnet/SDH Layers, SONET Frame Structure, SONET/SDH Physical Layer , Elements of a SONET/SDH Infrastructure, Optical Transport Network: Hierarchy, Frame Structure, Multiplexing, Generic Framing Procedure Ethernet: Frame Structure, Switches, Ethernet Physical Layer, Carrier Transport IP: Routing and Forwarding, Quality of Service Multiprotocol Label Switching: Labels and Forwarding, Quality of Service, Signaling and Routing, Carrier Transport, Resilient Packet Ring: Quality of Service, Node Structure, Fairness Storage-Area Networks: Fiber Channel.

### 2. WDM Network Elements

Optical Line Terminals, Optical Line Amplifiers, Optical Add/Drop Multiplexers: OADM Architectures, Reconfigurable OADMs Optical Cross connects: All-Optical OXC Configurations.

### 3. Control and Management

Network Management Functions: Management Framework, Information Model, Management Protocols. Optical Layer Services and Interfacing, Layers within the Optical Layer, Multivendor Interoperability, Performance and Fault Management: The Impact of Transparency, BER Measurement, Optical Trace, Alarm Management, Data Communication Network (DCN) and Signaling, Policing, Optical Layer Overhead, Client Layers. Configuration Management: Equipment Management, Connection Management, Adaptation Management. Optical Safety: Open Fiber Control Protocol

### 4. Basic Concepts

Protection in SONET/SDH: Point-to-Point Links, Self-Healing Rings, Unidirectional Line-Switched Rings, Bidirectional Line-Switched Rings, Ring Interconnection and Dual Homing. Protection in the Client Layer: Protection in Resilient Packet Rings, Protection in Ethernet, Protection in IP, Protection in MPLS, Why Optical Layer Protection: Service Classes Based on Protection. Optical Layer Protection Schemes: 1+1 OMS Protection, 1:1 OMS Protection, OMS-DPRing, OMS-SPRing, 1:N Transponder Protection, 1+1 OCh Dedicated Protection, OCh-SPRing, OCH-Mesh Protection, GMPLS Protection, Interworking between Layers.

### 5. WDM Network Design

Cost Trade-OFFS: A Detailed Ring Network Example LTD and RWA Problems, Light path Topology Design, Routing and Wavelength Assignment, Wavelength Conversion. Dimensioning Wavelength-Routing Networks, Statistical Dimensioning Models: First-Passage Model, Blocking Model, Maximum Load Dimensioning Models: Offline Light path Requests, Online RWA in Rings.

**Text Book**

1. Optical Networks by Rajeev Ramaswamy, Kumar N Sivarajan, Galen H Sasaki, Elsevier Publication 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2009.



## Embedded Systems

**Subject Code : 12SCS154**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Custom single-purpose processor design; RT level custom single-purpose processor design, optimizing custom single-purpose processors: Optimizing the original program, optimizing the FSM, Optimizing the data path, optimizing the FSM.
2. Timers, counters, and watchdog timers. State machine models: introduction; An introductory example, A basic state machine model: finite-state machines(FSM);finite-state machines with data path model (FSMD);using state machines: Describing a system as a state machine, Comparing state machine and sequential program models, Capturing a state machine model in a sequential programming language; hierarchical/concurrent state machine model (HCFSM) and the state charts language; program state machine model(PSM);The role of an appropriate model and language.
3. Concurrent process models: concurrent processes: process create and terminate ,process suspend and resume, Process join; Communication among processes: shared memory, Message passing; synchronization among processes: Condition variables, monitors. Interrupts: interrupt Basics; The Shared Data Problem; interrupt latency
4. Survey of Software Architecture: Round Robin, Round Robin with interrupts, Function queue scheduling architecture, Real time operating system architecture, selecting architecture. Introduction to RTOS: Tasks and task states, tasks and Data, semaphores and shared data.
5. Operating systems services: Message queues, mailboxes, and pipes; Timer functions; Events; memory management, Interrupt routines in an RTOS environment. Basic design using an RTOS; Overview, principles, an example, encapsulating semaphores and queues, Hard Real-time scheduling considerations, saving power.
6. Embedded software development tools: Host and target machines; Linker/locator for Embedded software, getting embedded software into the target system. Debugging Techniques: Testing on host machine, instruction set simulators, macros and tools.
7. An example system: what the program does, environment in which the program operates.

### Text Books :

1. **Embedded system design : A unified Hardware/software introduction** – Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. 2002 (Articles : 2.4, 2.5, 2.6; 4.2, 8.3 to 8.13)
2. **An Embedded software Primer** – David E. Simon; Pearson Education, 1999. (Chapters: 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11)

### Reference books:

1. **Embedded C**: Michael J. Pont, Pearson Education (2002)
2. **Real-Time systems and programming languages** : Alan Burns and Andy Wellings, Addison Wesley-Longman (1997)

3. **Real Time programming : A guide to 32 bit embedded development**, Grehan, Moore and Cyliax, Addison-Wesley-longman.

## II Semester

### Formal Models in Computer Science

**Subject Code : 12SCS21**

**IA Marks : 50**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**Exam Marks : 100**

#### 1. Propositional Logic

Declarative sentences, Natural deduction, Propositional logic as a formal language, Semantics of propositional logic, Normal forms.

#### 2. Predicate Logic

The need for a richer language, Predicate logic as a formal language, Proof theory of predicate logic, Semantics of predicate logic, Undecidability of predicate logic, Micromodels of software.

#### 3. Verification by Model Checking

Motivation for verification, Linear-time temporal logic, Model checking, Branching-time logic, CTL\* and the expressive powers of LTL and CTL.

#### 4. Program Verification

Need for specifying and verifying code, A framework for software verification, Proof calculus for partial correctness and total correctness, Programming by contract.

**5. Introduction to Z:** Basic concepts; Z notation in Propositional logic and Predicate logic.

#### Laboratory Work:

1. Design, develop and run a program in ALLOY (or in any equivalent system) to model a Software Package Dependency System. Make suitable assumptions regarding the system. The model should allow checking to see if prerequisites in the form of libraries or other packages are present for all components in the system

2. Design, develop and run a program in NuSMV (or in any equivalent system) to model and solve the Mutual Exclusion problem.

3. Design, develop and run a program in NuSMV (or in any equivalent system) to model and simulate the Alternate Bit Protocol.

4. Design, develop and run a program in NuSMV (or in any equivalent system) to model and solve the planning problem of Ferry Man.

5. Design, develop and run a program in NuSMV (or in any equivalent system) to model and solve the Dining Philosophers Problem.

#### Text Books:

1. Michael Huth and Mark Ryan: Logic in Computer Science, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2004.

2. Jim Woodcock , Jim Davies: Using Z Specification, Refinement and Proof, Prentice Hall, 1996.

(Online Edition: <http://www.usingz.com/text/online/>)

## Advanced Algorithms

**Subject Code : 12SCS22**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

**1. Review of Analysis Techniques:** Growth of Functions: Asymptotic notations; Standard notations and common functions; Recurrences and Solution of Recurrence equations- The substitution method, The recurrence – tree method, The master method; Amortized Analysis: Aggregate, Accounting and Potential Methods.

**2. Graph Algorithms:** Bellman - Ford Algorithm; Single source shortest paths in a DAG; Johnson's Algorithm for sparse graphs; Flow networks and Ford-Fulkerson method; Maximum bipartite matching.

**3. Polynomials and the FFT:** Representation of polynomials; The DFT and FFT; Efficient implementation of FFT.

**4. Number -Theoretic Algorithms:** Elementary notions; GCD; Modular Arithmetic; Solving modular linear equations; The Chinese remainder theorem; Powers of an element; RSA cryptosystem; Primality testing; Integer factorization.

**5. String-Matching Algorithms:** Naïve string Matching; Rabin - Karp algorithm; String matching with finite automata; Knuth-Morris-Pratt algorithm; Boyer – Moore algorithms.

**6. Probabilistic and Randomized Algorithms:** Probabilistic algorithms; Randomizing deterministic algorithms, Monte Carlo and Las Vegas algorithms; Probabilistic numeric algorithms.

### Laboratory Work:

1. Design, develop, and run a program in any language to implement the Bellman-Ford algorithm and determine its performance.
2. Design, develop, and run a program in any language to implement Johnson's algorithm and determine its performance.
3. Design, develop, and run a program in any language to implement a Monte Carlo algorithm to test the primality of a given integer and determine its performance.
4. Design, develop, and run a program in any language to solve the string matching problem using naïve approach and the KMP algorithm and compare their performances.
5. Design, develop, and run a program in any language to solve modular linear equations.
6. Design, develop, and run a program in any language to implement the FFT algorithm efficiently.

### TEXT BOOKS:

1. T. H Cormen, C E Leiserson, R L Rivest and C Stein: Introduction to Algorithms, 3rd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, 2010.
2. Kenneth A. Berman, Jerome L. Paul: Algorithms, Cengage Learning, 2002.

### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, S.Rajasekharan: Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, 2nd Edition, Universities press, 2007.

### **Advances in Computer Architecture**

**Subject Code : 12SCS23**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction and Review of Fundamentals of Computer Design: Introduction; Classes computers; Defining computer architecture; Trends in Technology; Trends in power in Integrated Circuits; Trends in cost; Dependability, Measuring, reporting and summarizing Performance; Quantitative Principles of computer design; Performance and Price-Performance; Fallacies and pitfalls; Case studies.

2. Some topics in Pipelining, Instruction –Level Parallelism, Its Exploitation and Limits on ILP: Introduction to pipelining, ILP; Crosscutting issues, fallacies, and pitfalls with respect to pipelining; Basic concepts and challenges of ILP; Case study of Pentium 4, Fallacies and pitfalls. Introduction to limits in ILP; Performance and efficiency in advanced multiple-issue processors.

3. Memory Hierarchy Design, Storage Systems: Review of basic concepts; Crosscutting issues in the design of memory hierarchies; Case study of AMD Opteron memory hierarchy; Fallacies and pitfalls in the design of memory hierarchies. Introduction to Storage Systems; Advanced topics in disk storage; Definition and examples of real faults and failures; I/O performance, reliability measures, and benchmarks; Queuing theory; Crosscutting issues; Designing and evaluating an I/O system – The Internet archive cluster; Case study of NetAA FAS6000 filer; Fallacies and pitfalls.

4. Hardware and Software for VLIW and EPIC

Introduction: Exploiting Instruction-Level Parallelism Statically, Detecting and Enhancing Loop-Level Parallelism, Scheduling and Structuring Code for Parallelism, Hardware Support for Exposing Parallelism: Predicated Instructions, Hardware Support for Compiler Speculation, The Intel IA-64 Architecture and Itanium Processor, Concluding Remarks.

5. Large-Scale Multiprocessors and Scientific Applications

Introduction, Interprocessor Communication: The Critical Performance Issue, Characteristics of Scientific Applications, Synchronization: Scaling Up, Performance of Scientific Applications on Shared-Memory Multiprocessors, Performance Measurement of Parallel Processors with Scientific Applications, Implementing Cache Coherence, The Custom Cluster Approach: Blue Gene/L, Concluding Remarks.

6. Computer Arithmetic

Introduction, Basic Techniques of Integer Arithmetic, Floating Point, Floating-Point Multiplication, Floating-Point Addition, Division and Remainder, More on Floating-Point Arithmetic, Speeding Up Integer Addition, Speeding Up Integer Multiplication and Division, Fallacies and Pitfalls.

#### **Text Book:**

1. Hennessey and Patterson: “Computer Architecture A Quantitative Approach”, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Kai Hwang: Advanced Computer Architecture - Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.

## Cloud Computing

**Subject Code : 12SCS24**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

- 1. Introduction :** Business and IT perspective, Cloud and virtualization, Cloud services requirements, cloud and dynamic infrastructure, cloud computing characteristics, cloud adoption.
- 2. Cloud models :** Cloud characteristics, Measured Service, Cloud models, security in a public cloud, public versus private clouds, cloud infrastructure self service.
- 3. Cloud at a service :** Gamut of cloud solutions, principal technologies, cloud strategy, cloud design and implementation using SOA, Conceptual cloud model, cloud service demand.
- 4. Cloud solutions :** Cloud ecosystem, cloud business process management, cloud service management, cloud stack, computing on demand, cloud sourcing.
- 5. Cloud offerings :** Cloud analytics, Testing under cloud, information security, virtual desktop infrastructure, Storage cloud.
- 6. Cloud management :** Resiliency, Provisioning, Asset management, cloud governance, high availability and disaster recovery, charging models, usage reporting, billing and metering.
- 7. Cloud virtualization technology :** Virtualization defined, virtualization benefits, server virtualization, virtualization for x86 architecture, Hypervisor management software, Logical partitioning, VIO server, Virtual infrastructure requirements. Storage virtualization, storage area networks, network attached storage, cloud server virtualization, virtualized data center.
- 8. Cloud and SOA :** SOA journey to infrastructure, SOA and cloud, SOA defined, SOA defined, SOA and IAAS, SOA based cloud infrastructure steps, SOA business and IT services.

### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Cloud Computing by Dr. Kumar Saurabh, Wiley India, 2011.

### Reference Books

1. Michael Miller, Cloud Computing: Web based applications that change the way you work and collaborate online, Que publishing , August 2009
2. Haley Beard, Cloud Computing Best Practices for Managing and Measuring Processes for On Demand computing applications and data Centers in the Cloud with SLAs, Emereo Pty Limited, July 2008.

## Topics in Multimedia Communications

**Subject Code : 12SCS251**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction to Multimedia Communications: Introduction, Human communication model, Evolution and convergence, Technology framework, Standardization framework.
2. Framework for Multimedia Standardization: Introduction, Standardization activities, Standards to build a new global information infrastructure, Standardization processes on multimedia communications, ITU-

T mediacom2004 framework for multimedia, ISO/IEC MPEG-21 multimedia framework, IETF multimedia Internet standards.

3. Application Layer: Introduction, ITU applications, MPEG applications, Mobile servers and applications, Universal multimedia access.

4. Middleware Layer: Introduction to middleware for multimedia, Media coding, Media Streaming, Infrastructure for multimedia content distribution.

5. Network Layer: Introduction, QoS in Network Multimedia Systems.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. K.R. Rao, Zoran S. Bojkovic, Dragorad A. Milovanovic: Introduction to Multimedia Communications – Applications, Middleware, Networking, Wiley India, 2006.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Fred Halsall: Multimedia Communications – Applications, Networks, Protocols, and Standards, Pearson, 2001.

2. Nalin K Sharad: Multimedia information Networking, PHI, 2002.

3. Ralf Steinmetz, Klara Narstedt: Multimedia Fundamentals: Volume 1-Media Coding and Content Processing, 2nd Edition, Pearson, 2003.

4. Prabhat K. Andleigh, Kiran Thakrar: Multimedia Systems Design, PHI, 2003.

## Artificial Intelligence and Agent Technology

**Subject Code: 12SCS252**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. **Artificial Intelligence:** What is AI., The Foundations of Artificial Intelligence, The History of Artificial Intelligence, The State of the Art, **Intelligent Agents**, Agents and Environments, Good Behaviour: The Concept of Rationality, The Nature of Environments, The structure of Agents.
2. **Solving problems by searching:** Problem-solving Agents, Example problems, Searching for solutions, Uninformed Search Strategies, Avoiding Repeated States, Searching with Partial Information, **Constraint Satisfaction Problems:** Constraint Satisfaction Problems, Backtracking Search for CSPs, Local Search for Constraint Satisfaction Problems, The Structure of Problems.
3. **Logical Agents:** Knowledge-Based Agents, The Wumpus World, Logic, Propositional Logic, Reasoning Patterns in Propositional Logic , Reasoning Patterns in Propositional Logic Resolution, Effective propositional inference, Agents Based on Propositional Logic, First-Order Logic, Representative Revisited, Syntax and semantics of First-Order Logic, Using First-order Logic, Knowledge Engineering in First-Order Logic.
4. **Uncertainty:** Acting under Uncertainty, Basic Probability Notation, The Axioms of Probability, Interface using full joint distributions, Independence, Bayes Rule and its use, The Wumpus World Revisited, **Probabilistic Reasoning**, Representing Knowledge in an Uncertain Domain, The semantics of Bayesian Networks, Efficient Representation of conditional distributions, Exact inference in Bayesian networks, Approximate inference in Bayesian Networks, Extending Probability to First-Order representations, Other Approaches to uncertain reasoning.
5. **Learning from Observations:** Forms of Learning, Inductive Learning, Learning Decision Trees, Ensemble Learning, Why Learning Works: computational Learning Theory, Statistical Learning Methods, **Statistical Learning:** Learning with complete data, Learning with Hidden Variables, Instance based Learning, Neural Networks, Kernel Machines, Case Study: Handwritten Digit Recognition, **Philosophical Foundations:** Weak AI, Strong AI, The Ethics and Risks of Developing Artificial Intelligence.

**Text Book:**

1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: “Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

**Reference Books:**

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: “Artificial Intelligence”, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009.
2. Nils J. Nilsson: “Principles of Artificial Intelligence”, Elsevier, 1980

**PROTOCOLS ENGINEERING**

**Subject Code: 12SCS253**

**Hours/Week : 04**

**Total Hours : 52**

**I.A. Marks : 50**

**Exam Hours: 03**

**Exam Marks: 100**

1. Introduction: Communication model, Communication Software, Communication Subsystems, Communication Protocol Definition/Representation, Formal and Informal Protocol Development Methods, Protocol Engineering Phases
2. Error Control, Flow Control: Type of Transmission Errors, Linear Block Code, Cyclic Redundancy Checks, Introduction to Flow Control, Window Protocols, Sequence Numbers, Negative Acknowledgments, Congestion Avoidance
3. Network Reference Model: Layered Architecture, Network Services and Interfaces, Protocol Functions: Encapsulation, Segmentation, Reassembly, Multiplexing, Addressing, OSI Model Layer Functions, TCP/IP Protocol Suite, Application Protocols.
4. Protocol Specification: Components of specification, Service specification, Communication Service Specification Protocol entity specification: Sender, Receiver and Channel specification, Interface specifications, Interactions, Multimedia specifications, Alternating Bit Protocol Specification, RSVP specification.
5. Protocol Specification Language (SDL): Salient Features. Communication System Description using SDL, Structure of SDL. Data types and communication paths, Examples of SDL based Protocol Specifications: Question and answer protocol, X-on-X-off protocol, Alternating bit protocol, Sliding window protocol specification, TCP protocol specification, SDL based platform for network, OSPF, BGP Multi Protocol Label Switching SDL components.
6. Protocol Verification / Validation: Protocol Verification using FSM, ABP Verification, Protocol Design Errors, Deadlocks, Unspecified Reception, Non-executable Interactions, State Ambiguities, Protocol Validation Approaches: Perturbation Technique, Reachability Analysis, Fair Reachability Graphs, Process Algebra based Validation, SDL Based Protocol Verification: ABP Verification, Liveness Properties, SDL Based Protocol Validation: ABP Validation.
7. Protocol Conformance and Performance Testing: Conformance Testing Methodology and Framework, Local and Distributed Conformance Test Architectures, Test Sequence Generation Methods: T, U, D and W methods, Distributed Architecture by Local Methods, Synchronizable Test Sequence, Conformance testing with Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN), Conformance Testing of RIP, Testing



Multimedia Systems, quality of service test architecture(QOS), Performance Test methods, SDL Based Performance Testing of TCP, OSPF, Interoperability testing, Scalability testing protocol synthesis problem

8. Protocol Synthesis and Implementation: Synthesis methods, Interactive Synthesis Algorithm, Automatic Synthesis Algorithm, Automatic Synthesis of SDL from MSC, Protocol Re-synthesis, Requirements of Protocol Implementation, Objects Based Approach To Protocol Implementation, Protocol Compilers, Code generation from Estelle, LOTOS, SDL and CVOPS.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Pallapa Venkataram and Sunilkumar S. Manvi: Communication Protocol Engineering, PHI, 2004.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Mohammed G. Gouda: Elements of Protocol Design, Wiley Student Edition, 2004.

### **Semester 3**

#### **Information Security**

**Subject Code : 12SCS31**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction to Information Security: Introduction; What is security? Critical characteristics of information; NSTISSC security model; Approaches to information security implementation; The Security System Development Life Cycle; Information Security Terminology.
2. Planning for Security: Introduction; Information Security Policy, Standards, and Practices; The Information Security Blue Print.
3. Security Technology: Firewalls and VPNs: Introduction, Physical design, Firewalls, Protecting Remote Connections. Intrusion Detection, Access control and Other Security Tools: Introduction; Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS); Honey Pots, Honey Nets, and Padded cell systems; Scanning and Analysis Tools; Access Control Devices.
4. Information Security maintenance: Introduction; Security Management Models; The Maintenance Model.
5. Introduction to Network Security: Attacks, Services, and Mechanisms; Security Attacks; Security Services; A model for Internetwork Security; Internet Standards and RFCs; Wireless network security.
6. Cryptography: Conventional Encryption Principles and Algorithms; Cipher Block Modes of Operation; Location of encryption devices; Key distribution; Approaches to message authentication; Secure Hash functions and HMAC; Public Key Cryptography Principles and Algorithms; Digital Signatures; Key management.
7. Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Directory Authentication Service.
8. Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy (PGP), S/MIME.
9. IP Security: IP Security Overview, IP Security Architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management.
10. Web Security: Web security requirements, Secure Socket layer (SSL) and Transport layer Security (TLS), Secure Electronic Transaction (SET).
11. Software: Introduction; Software flaws; Malware; Software-based attacks; Digital Rights Management;

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Michael E. Whitman and Herbert J. Mattord: Principles of Information Security, 2nd Edition, Cengage Learning, 2005.
2. William Stallings: Network Security Essentials Applications and Standards, Person, 2000.
3. Deven N. Shah: Information Security – Principles and Practice, Wiley India, 2009.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan: Cryptography and Network Security, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.

**Wireless and Cellular Networks**

**Subject Code : 12SCS321**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction to Wireless Communication Systems: Evolution of Mobile Radio Communications Mobil Radio Systems around the world examples of Wireless Communication Systems, Paging System, Cordless Telephone System. Cellular Telephone Systems, Comparison of Common Wireless Communications Systems.
2. Modern Wireless Communications Systems: Second generation (2G), Cellular Networks, evolution of 2.5G, TDMA Standards, Third Generation (3G) Wireless Networks, Wireless Local Loop (WLL) and LMDS, Wireless Local Area Networks (WLANs), Bluetooth and Personal Area Networks (PANS)
3. The Cellular Concept: System Design Fundamentals, Introduction, Frequency reuse, channel assignment strategies, handoff strategies – prioritizing handoffs, Practical Handoff considerations. Interference and system capacity, co-channel interference and system capacity, channel planning for wireless systems, adjacent channel interference, power control for reducing interference.
4. Mobile Radio Propagation: Introduction to radio wave propagation, Free space propagation model, Relating power to electric field, Reflection, Diffraction, Scattering.
5. Modulation Techniques for Mobile Radio: Frequency modulation Vs amplitude modulation, Amplitude modulation, Angle modulation, Digital Modulation, Linear Modulation techniques – Binary phases shift keying (BPSK), Differential Phase Shift Keying (DPSK), Quadrature Phase Shift Keying (QPSK), Constant envelope modulation – Binary Frequency Shift Keying, Minimum Shift Keying (MSK), Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying (GMSK).
6. Multiple Access Techniques for Wireless Communications: Introduction to Multiple access, Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA), Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA), Spread Spectrum Multiple Access, Space Division Multiple Access (SDMA), Packet Radio. Protocols,

Reservation Protocols – Reservation ALOHA, Packet Reservation Multiple Access (PRMA), Capacity of cellular systems.

7. Wireless Networking: Introduction, Difference between Wireless and Fixed Telephone Networks, Development of Wireless Networks, First generation, second generation, third generation.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Theodore S Rappaport: Wireless Communications, Principles and Practice, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2002.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. William C Y Lee: Mobile Communications Engineering Theory and Applications, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill, 1998.

2. William Stallings: Wireless Communications and Networks, Pearson Education Asia, 2002.

**Storage Area Networks**

**Subject Code : 12SCS322**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction: Server Centric IT Architecture and its Limitations; Storage – Centric IT Architecture and its advantages. Case study: Replacing a server with Storage Networks The Data Storage and Data Access problem; The Battle for size and access.

2. Intelligent Disk Subsystems: Architecture of Intelligent Disk Subsystems; Hard disks and Internal I/O Channels; JBOD, Storage virtualization using RAID and different RAID levels; Caching: Acceleration of Hard Disk Access; Intelligent disk subsystems, Availability of disk subsystems.

3. I/O Techniques: The Physical I/O path from the CPU to the Storage System; SCSI; Fibre Channel Protocol Stack; Fibre Channel SAN; IP Storage.

4. Network Attached Storage: The NAS Architecture, The NAS hardware Architecture, The NAS Software Architecture, Network connectivity, NAS as a storage system.

5. File System and NAS: Local File Systems; Network file Systems and file servers; Shared Disk file systems; Comparison of fibre Channel and NAS.

6. Storage Virtualization: Definition of Storage virtualization ; Implementation Considerations; Storage virtualization on Block or file level; Storage virtualization on various levels of the storage Network; Symmetric and Asymmetric storage virtualization in the Network.

7. SAN Architecture and Hardware devices: Overview, Creating a Network for storage; SAN Hardware devices; The fibre channel switch; Host Bus Adaptors; Putting the storage in SAN; Fabric operation from a Hardware perspective.

8. Software Components of SAN: The switch's Operating system; Device Drivers; Supporting the switch's components; Configuration options for SANs.

9. Management: Planning Business Continuity; Managing availability; Managing Serviceability; Capacity planning; Security considerations.

**Text Book:**

1. Ulf Troppens, Rainer Erkens and Wolfgang Muller: Storage Networks Explained, Wiley India, 2007.

**Reference Books:**

1. Marc Farley: Storage Networking Fundamentals – An Introduction to Storage Devices, Subsystems, Applications, Management, and File Systems, Cisco Press, 2005.

2. Robert Spalding: “Storage Networks The Complete Reference”, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.

3. Richard Barker and Paul Massiglia: “Storage Area Network Essentials A Complete Guide to understanding and Implementing SANs”, Wiley India, 2006.

**Advances in Pattern Classification**

**Subject Code : 12SCS323**

**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**

**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**

**Exam hours : 3**

**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction: Polynomial Curve Fitting, Probability Theory, Probability Distributions, Model Selection, Decision Theory, Information Theory

2. Linear Models for Regression: Linear Basis Function Models, The Bias Variance Decomposition, Bayesian Linear Regression, Bayesian Model Comparison, The Evidence Approximation, Limitations of Fixed Basis Functions

3. Linear Models for Classification: Discriminant Functions, Probabilistic Generative Models, Probabilistic Discriminative Models, The Laplace Approximation, Bayesian Logistic Regression

4. Kernel Methods: Dual Representations, Constructing Kernels, RBF Networks, Gaussian Processes, Sparse Kernel Machines: SVMs, Multiclass SVMs, Relevance Vector Machines

5. Unsupervised Learning: Introduction, Association Rules, Cluster Analysis, Self-Organizing Maps, Principal Components, Curves and Surfaces, Non-negative Matrix Factorization, Independent Component Analysis and Exploratory Projection Pursuit, Multidimensional Scaling, Nonlinear Dimension Reduction and Local Multidimensional Scaling, The Google PageRank Algorithm

6. Mixture Models and EM: Mixtures of Gaussians, An alternative view of EM, The EM Algorithm in general.

7. High-Dimensional Problems: The Curse of Dimensionality, Diagonal Linear Discriminant Analysis and Nearest Shrunken Centroids, Linear Classifiers with Quadratic Regularization, Linear Classifiers with L1 Regularization, Classification when Features are Unavailable, High-Dimensional Regression: Supervised Principal Components, Feature Assessment and the Multiple-Testing Problem.

**Text Books:**

1. Christopher M Bishop: Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.
2. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, and Jerome Friedman: The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 2008.

**Reference Books:**

1. R. O. Duda, P. E. Hart, and D. G. Stork: Pattern Classification by 2nd edition, Wiley –Interscience, 2001.
2. Sergios Theodoridis and Konstantinos Koutroumbas: Pattern Recognition, 2nd Edition, Elsevier, 2003.

**MULTI-CORE ARCHITECTURE & PROGRAMMING**

**Subject Code : 12SCS324**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

**1. Introduction to Multi-core Architecture**

Motivation for Concurrency in software, Parallel Computing Platforms, Parallel Computing in Microprocessors, Differentiating Multi-core Architectures from Hyper- Threading Technology, Multi-threading on Single-Core versus Multi-Core Platforms Understanding Performance, Amdahl's Law, Growing Returns: Gustafson's Law.

**2. System Overview of Threading**

Defining Threads, System View of Threads, Threading above the Operating System, Threads inside the OS, Threads inside the Hardware, What Happens When a Thread Is Created, Application Programming Models and Threading, Virtual Environment: VMs and Platforms, Runtime Virtualization, System Virtualization.

**3. Fundamental Concepts of Parallel Programming**

Designing for Threads, Task Decomposition, Data Decomposition, Data Flow Decomposition, Implications of Different Decompositions, Challenges You'll Face, Parallel Programming Patterns, A Motivating Problem: Error Diffusion, Analysis of the Error Diffusion Algorithm, An Alternate Approach: Parallel Error Diffusion, Other Alternatives.

**4. Threading and Parallel Programming Constructs**

Synchronization, Critical Sections, Deadlock, Synchronization Primitives, Semaphores, Locks, Condition Variables, Messages, Flow Control- based Concepts, Fence, Barrier, Implementation-dependent Threading Features.

## **5. Threading APIs**

Threading APIs for Microsoft Windows, Win32/MFC Thread APIs, Threading APIs for Microsoft .NET Framework, Creating Threads, Managing Threads, Thread Pools, Thread Synchronization, POSIX Threads, Creating Threads, Managing Threads, Thread Synchronization, Signaling, Compilation and Linking.

## **6. OpenMP: A Portable Solution for Threading**

Challenges in Threading a Loop, Loop-carried Dependence, Data-race Conditions, Managing Shared and Private Data, Loop Scheduling and Portioning, Effective Use of Reductions, Minimizing Threading Overhead, Work-sharing Sections, Performance-oriented Programming, Using Barrier and No wait, Interleaving Single-thread and Multi-thread Execution, Data Copy-in and Copy-out, Protecting Updates of Shared Variables, Intel Task queuing Extension to OpenMP, OpenMP Library Functions, OpenMP Environment Variables, Compilation, Debugging, performance.

## **7. Solutions to Common Parallel Programming Problems**

Too Many Threads, Data Races, Deadlocks, and Live Locks, Deadlock, Heavily Contended Locks, Priority Inversion, Solutions for Heavily Contended Locks, Non-blocking Algorithms, ABA Problem, Cache Line Ping-ponging, Memory Reclamation Problem, Recommendations, Thread-safe Functions and Libraries, Memory Issues, Bandwidth, Working in the Cache, Memory Contention, Cache-related Issues, False Sharing, Memory Consistency, Current IA-32 Architecture, Itanium Architecture, High-level Languages, Avoiding Pipeline Stalls on IA-32, Data Organization for High Performance.

### **Text Book**

1. Multicore Programming , Increased Performance through Software Multi-threading by Shameem Akhter and Jason Roberts , Intel Press , 2006

## **Analysis of Computer Networks**

**Subject Code : 12SCS331**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction: Two examples of analysis: Efficient transport of packet voice calls, Achievable throughput in an input-queuing packet switch; The importance of quantitative modeling in the Engineering of Telecommunication Networks.

2. Multiplexing: Network performance and source characterization; Stream sessions in a packet network: Delay guarantees; Elastic transfers in a packet network; Packet multiplexing over Wireless networks.

3. Stream Sessions: Deterministic Network Analysis: Events and processes in packet multiplexer models: Universal concepts; Deterministic traffic models and Network Calculus; Scheduling; Application to a packet voice example; Connection setup: The RSVP approach; Scheduling (continued).

3. Stream Sessions: Stochastic Analysis: Deterministic analysis can yield loose bounds; Stochastic traffic models; Additional notation; Performance measures; Little's theorem, Brumelle's theorem, and applications; Multiplexer analysis with stationary and ergodic traffic; The effective bandwidth approach for admission control; Application to the packet voice example; Stochastic analysis with shaped traffic; Multihop networks; Long-Range-Dependent traffic.

4. Adaptive Bandwidth Sharing for Elastic Traffic: Elastic transfers in a Network; Network parameters and performance objectives; Sharing a single link; Rate-Based Control; Window-Based Control: General Principles; TCP: The Internet's Adaptive Window Protocol; Bandwidth sharing in a Network.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Anurag Kumar, D. Manjunath, Joy Kuri: Communication Networking An Analytical Approach, Elsevier, 2004.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. M. Schwartz: Broadband Integrated Networks, Prentice Hall PTR, 1996.

2. J. Walrand, P. Varaiya: High Performance Communication Networks, 2nd Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 1999.

### **Data Mining & Warehousing**

**Subject Code : 12SCS332**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

#### **1. INTRODUCTION:**

What is a Data Warehouse?, A Multidimensional Data Model, Data Warehouse Architecture, Data Warehouse Implementation, Data cube Technology, From Data warehousing to Data Mining, Data Mining Functionalities, Data cleaning, Data Integration and Transformation, Data Reduction.

12 HOURS.

**2. DATA MINING PRIMITIVES, LANGUAGES AND SYSTEM ARCHITECTURES:** Data Mining primitives, Presentation and Visualization of Discovered patterns, A Data Mining Query Language.

07 HOURS.



3 MINING ASSOCIATION RULES IN LARGE DATA BASES: Association Rule Mining Single – Dimensional Boolean Association Rules From Transactional Databases, Mining Multilevel Association Rules from Transactional Databases. 07 HOURS.

4 CLASSIFICATION AND PREDICTION: Issues regarding Classification and Prediction, classification by Decision tree induction, Bayesian classification, Classification by back propagation, Classification Based on the concepts from association rule mining. Other classification methods, prediction. 08 HOURS.

5 CLUSTER ANALYSIS: What is Cluster Analysis? Types of data in cluster Analysis: a Categorization of Major Clustering Methods, Partitioning Methods, Hierarchical methods, Density-Based Methods, Model-Based Clustering Methods: Statistical Approach, Neural Network Approach Outliner Analysis. 12 HOURS.

6 APPLICATIONS AND TRENDS IN DATA MINING: Data mining application, Data mining system Products research Prototypes, Additional Themes on Data Mining, Data Mining and Intelligent Query Answering, Trends in Data Mining. 06 HOURS.

Text Books:

1. Jiawei Michelin Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kauf Mann Publishers.

## **Advances in VLSI Design and Algorithms**

**Subject Code : 12SCS333**  
**No of Lecture Hrs/Week : 4**  
**Total No of Lecture Hours : 52**

**IA Marks : 50**  
**Exam hours : 3**  
**Exam Marks : 100**

1. Introduction to Digital systems and VLSI: Why Design Integrated Circuits? Integrated Circuits manufacturing;

Integrated Circuit Design Techniques; IP-Based Design.

2. Fabrication and Devices: Introduction; Fabrication processes; Fabrication theory and practice; Reliability.

3. Sequential Machines: Introduction; Latches and Flip-flops; Sequential systems and clocking disciplines; Performance analysis; Clock generators; Sequential systems design, Power optimization, Design validation, Sequential testing.

4. Subsystem Design: Introduction; Combinational shifters; Adders; ALUs; Multipliers; High-density memory; Image sensors; FPGAs; PLA; Buses and networks on chips; Data paths; Subsystems as IP.

5. Architecture Design: Introduction; Hardware description languages; Register Transfer design; Pipelining; High-level synthesis; Architecture for low power; GALS systems; Architecture testing; IP components; Design methodologies; Multiprocessor system-on-Chip design.

6. Simulations: General remarks; Gate-level modeling and simulations; Switch-level modeling and simulation.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Wayne Wolf: "Modern VLSI design", 3rd edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
2. Sabih H Gerez: "Algorithms for VLSI Design Automation", Wiley India, 2007,